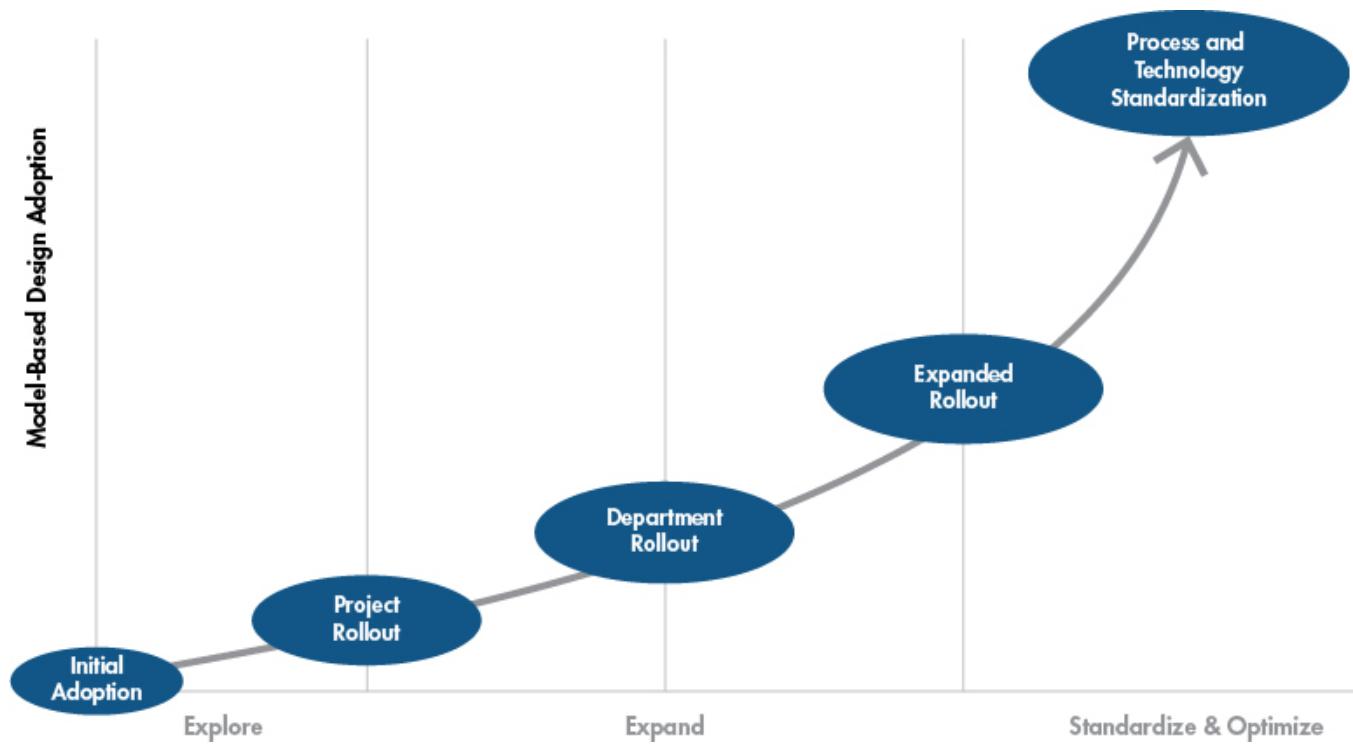


Phased Approach to Model-Based Design Adoption

Successful adoption of Model-Based Design involves taking incremental steps that can help a project along without slowing it down. Refer to the chart below to see a sample implementation plan that shows how your organization could gradually adopt Model-Based Design.



- Organizations of all sizes begin their initial adoption of Model-Based Design at the small group level.
- A best practice is to apply Model-Based Design to a select project as a quick win.
- After gaining experience, successful teams roll out Model-Based Design at the department level so that models are the center of all of the group's embedded systems development.
- As the department proves the benefits of Model-Based Design (including faster development and higher quality), they champion the use more broadly in the organization with an expanded rollout.
- Over time, Model-Based Design becomes the de facto standard for all embedded systems projects. Teams continue to optimize their use of Model-Based Design.

Sample Implementation Plan

Phase	0 - Getting Ready	1 - Feature	2 - Component	3 - Application	4 - Enterprise
Theme	Commit	Explore	Expand	Standardize	Optimize
Prerequisites	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Management support Organizational commitment Current state assessment Funding 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Feature selection Project scope, goals, and constraints (refine for each phase) Requirements (refine for each phase) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Component selection Expanded training (physical modeling,) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Application selection Project-level training 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enterprise vision and goals Enterprise-level <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - assessment - deployment plan - training
Activities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learn the core tools 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modeling Simulation Refine requirements Generate code and execute on target (optional) Perform verification and validation (V&V) (can be traditional or model-based) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expand modeling Simulate at component level Introduce plant modeling Introduce model-based V&V Infrastructure: build, configuration management, etc. Define and automate some processes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expand plant modeling Simulate at the system level Perform full model-based V&V Increase tool automation Create reusable libraries Complete process definition, and best practices 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduce enterprise-level reuse Fully automate processes Standardize and tailor processes Create a Model-Based Design steering team Report on enterprise-level metrics and process optimization
Engineers	Controls, Software	Controls, Software Team Size: 2 to 4	Systems, Controls, Software, Test, Process, and Tools Team Size: 5 - 10	Systems, Controls, Software, Test, Process, and Tools Team size: 8 - 15	Systems, Controls, Software, Test, Process, and Tools Team size: varies
Recommended Support	Training: 5 days	Consulting: ~10 days (Project set up, modeling, simulation, and code generation)	Consulting: ~10 -20 days (Plant modeling, model architecture, process, and infrastructure) Training: 5 days	Consulting: varies (Assessment, system architecture, V&V, process, and infrastructure)	Consulting: varies (Assessment, implementation and deployment plan, and automation)
Duration	1-3 weeks	3- 6 weeks	3 - 6 months	6 - 9 months	Continuous
Cost	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tools Training Consulting 				